served upon parties so long as the deletions are clearly identified and generally described in the documents which are served. Upon motion, the Judge may direct that the withheld information be provided to other parties, subject to any appropriate protective order.

### §134.205 Motion for a more definite statement.

- (a) *Procedure.* No later than 20 days after service of the petition or order to show cause, the respondent may serve and file a motion requesting a more definite statement of particular allegations in the petition.
- (b) *Stay.* The serving and filing of a motion for a more definite statement stays the time for serving and filing an answer. The Judge will establish the time for serving and filing an answer.

#### §134.206 The answer.

- (a) A respondent must serve and file an answer within 45 days after the service of a petition or order to show cause, except that debt collection proceeding answers are due within 30 days.
- (b) The answer must contain the following:
- (1) An admission or denial of each of the factual allegations contained in the petition or order to show cause, or a statement that the respondent denies knowledge or information sufficient to determine the truth of a particular allegation;
  - (2) Any affirmative defenses; and
- (3) The name, address, telephone number, and signature of the respondent or its attorney.
- (c) Allegations in the petition or order to show cause which are not answered in accordance with paragraph (b)(1) of this section will be deemed admitted unless injustice would occur.
- (d) Upon an appeal from an SBA determination concerning the 8(a) program, SBA must serve and file the administrative record pertaining to that determination within the same time period applicable to the service and filing of its answer. If SBA fails to do so, the Judge will issue an order directing SBA to serve and file the administrative record by a specified date.
- (e) If the respondent fails to serve and file an answer within the time pe-

riod set forth in paragraph (a) of this section, or within any extended time period granted by the Judge, that failure will constitute a default. Following such a default, the respondent may be prohibited from participating further in the case, except to serve and file the administrative record in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section.

## §134.207 Amendments and supplemental pleadings.

- (a) Amendments. Upon motion, and under terms needed to avoid prejudice to any non-moving party, the Judge may permit the service and filing of amendments to pleadings. However, an amendment will not be permitted if it would cause unreasonable delay in the determination of the matter.
- (b) Supplements. Upon motion, and under terms needed to avoid prejudice to any non-moving party, the Judge may permit the service and filing of a supplemental pleading setting forth relevant transactions or occurrences that have taken place since the filing of the original pleading.
- (c) 8(a) appeals. In 8(a) program appeals, amendments to pleadings and supplemental pleadings will be permitted by the Judge only upon a showing of good cause.
- (d) *Answer.* In an order permitting the serving and filing of an amended or supplemented petition or order to show cause, the Judge will establish the time for serving and filing an answer.

# §134.208 Representation in cases before OHA.

- (a) A party may represent itself, or be represented by a duly licensed attorney. A member of a partnership may represent the partnership, and an officer may represent a corporation, trust, or association.
- (b) An attorney for a party who did not appear on behalf of that party in the party's first filing with OHA must serve and file a written notice of appearance.
- (c) An attorney seeking to withdraw from a case must serve and file a motion for the withdrawal of his or her appearance.

#### § 134.209

#### §134.209 Requirement of signature.

Every written submission to OHA, other than evidence, must be signed by the party filing that submission, or by the party's attorney. By signing the submission, a party or its attorney attests that the statements and allegations in that submission are true to the best of its knowledge, and that the submission is not being filed for the purpose of delay or harassment.

#### §134.210 Intervention.

- (a) By SBA. SBA may intervene as of right at any time in any case until final decision.
- (b) By interested persons. Any individual, partnership, association, corporation, trust, or governmental agency may move to intervene at any time until final decision by serving and filing a motion to intervene containing a statement of the movant's interest in the case and the necessity for intervention to protect such interest. The Judge may grant leave to intervene upon such terms as he or she deems appropriate.

#### §134.211 Motions.

- (a) *Contents.* All motions must state the relief being requested, as well as the grounds and any authority for that relief.
- (b) Response. No later than 20 days after the service of a motion, all non-moving parties must serve and file a response or be deemed to have consented to the relief sought. Unless the Judge directs otherwise, the moving party will have no right to reply to a response, nor will oral argument be heard on the motion.
- (c) *Service of orders*. OHA will serve upon all parties any written order issued in response to a motion.

#### §134.212 Summary decision.

- (a) *Grounds*. A party may move for summary decision at any time as to all or any portion of the case, on the grounds that there is no genuine issue as to any material fact, and that the moving party is entitled to a decision in its favor as a matter of law.
- (b) *Contents of motion.* The motion must include a statement of the material facts believed not to be disputed,

and relevant law. Supporting affidavits may also be included.

- (c) Cross-motions. In its response to a motion for summary decision, a party may cross-move for summary decision. The initial moving party may serve and file a response to any cross-motion for summary decision within 20 days after the service of that cross-motion.
- (d) Stay. A motion for summary decision stays the time to answer. The Judge will establish the time for serving and filing an answer in the order determining the motion for summary decision.

#### §134.213 Discovery.

- (a) *Motion*. A party may obtain discovery only upon motion, and for good cause shown. For 8(a) program appeals other than those involving suspensions, see §124.210 of this chapter.
- (b) Forms. The forms of discovery which a Judge can order under paragraph (a) of this section include requests for admissions, requests for production of documents, interrogatories, and depositions.
- (c) *Limitations*. Discovery may be limited in accordance with the terms of a protective order. Further, privileged information and irrelevant issues or facts will not be subject to discovery.
- (d) *Disputes.* If a dispute should arise between the parties over a particular discovery request, the party seeking discovery may serve and file a motion to compel discovery. Discovery may be opposed on the grounds of harassment, needless embarrassment, irrelevance, undue burden or expense, privilege, or confidentiality.

### §134.214 Subpoenas.

- (a) Availability. At the request of a party, or upon his or her own initiative, a Judge may issue a subpoena requiring a witness to appear and testify, or to produce particular documents, at a specified time and place.
- (b) Requests. A request for the issuance of a subpoena must be written, served upon all parties, and filed. The request must clearly identify the witness and any documents to be subpoenaed, and must set forth the relevance of the testimony or documents sought.